CHILDHOOD OBESITY: GET THE FACTS

Childhood obesity affects more than 18% of children, making it the most common chronic disease of childhood.⁴

Healthy Eating is Key:

School-aged children and adolescents should increase the consumption of fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and nuts.³ These foods help children be better learners and improves brain development.⁷

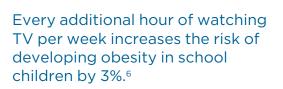


Genetics and Life at Home:

Children and adolescents aged 6 years and older should be screened for obesity, and those with obesity should be offered or referred to high quality weight management programs.⁸



70% of a person's obesity risk comes from heredity factors.⁵



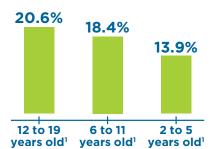




Obesity is prevalent in:



of non-Hispanic black children.¹ 14.1% of non-Hispanic white children.



Let's Get Physical:

43%

of Hispanic

children.1

of high school students spend 3 or more hours a day using a computer or playing video games.⁴ A high percentage of kids do not meet the daily physical activity recommendations.

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Children need to be active for at least 60 minutes a day.⁴

OBESITY IS A DISEASE AT ANY AGE. Childhood obesity places kids at risk for diseases that were once only seen in adults, such as pre-diabetes and hypertension.. CHILDREN WITH OBESITY DESERVE ACCESS TO AND COVERAGE OF SCIENCE-BASED TREATMENTS. Visit ObesityCareWeek.org to show your support!

Sources

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